

Year 2 - Summer 1 - The Great Fire of London

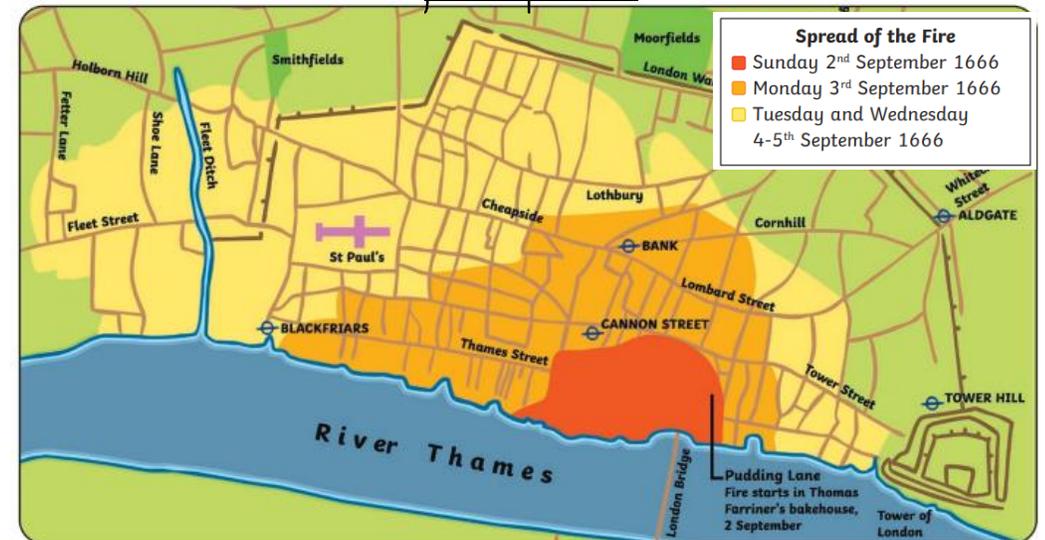
What happened to London in the Great Fire of 1666?



Key Vocabulary	Definition
 Monument	A statue, building, or other structure built in honour of notable person or event.
 St Paul's Cathedral	A very large cathedral (a Christian church) that was dedicated to Saint Paul.
 River Thames	The river that runs through the middle of London.
 17th Century	From the year 1601 to 1700.

Important People		
 Samuel Pepys	 Thomas Farriner	 King Charles II
Samuel Pepys lived in London during the Great Fire of London and wrote about it in his diary.	Thomas Farriner is the owner of the bakery on Pudding Lane where the fire started	King Charles II was the King of England in 1666. After the fire he said that houses must be built further apart and build from stone not wood.

A map of London to show how quickly the fire spread



Timeline of Events	
Monday 3rd September 1666 The fire gets very close to the Tower of London.	Tuesday 4th September 1666 St Paul's Cathedral is destroyed by the fire.
Sunday 2nd September 1666 The fire starts at around 1 a.m. Mid-morning: Samuel Pepys starts to write about the fire in his diary .	Wednesday 5th September 1666 The wind dies down and the fire spreads more slowly.
Thursday 6th September 1666 The fire is finally put out. Thousands of people are left homeless.	

This is a history topic.
We will be working as historians.

Year 2 Must Knows

The Great Fire of London



Key Facts

- The fire started on Sunday 2nd September 1666.
- The fire started in Thomas Faryner's bakery on Pudding Lane and lasted for five days.
- The fire spread quickly because the houses were made of wood and straw, and were built very close together.
- The heat and the strong winds also caused the fire to spread quickly.
- Samuel Pepys wrote a diary about the fire so we know what happened.

This is a source of information.

- St Paul's Cathedral was one of the buildings destroyed during the Great Fire of London.
- The Tower of London helped to stop the fire from spreading even further.
- Buildings, transport and way of life in London has changed over time.